

In-Situ Manufacturing of ODS FeCrAl Alloy via Selective Laser Melting

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Virtual Engineering Showcase

June 5, 2020

Why In-situ Manufacturing of ODS alloy via SLM?

Oregon State University College of Engineering

Conventional Manufacturing:

Too many costly and time-consuming steps
Contamination during mechanical alloying of oxide powder with matrix powder
Heterogeneous distribution of nanoparticles



Conventional manufacturing of ODS alloys

Annual Review of Materials Research, Vol.38, 2008, 471-503

Metal 3D Printing; Selective Laser Melting (SLM):

- > One single step
- Refined microstructure with homogeneous distribution of nano-sized oxide precipitates which provide enhanced high-temperature strength





3D Printing- OR Creator Printer at PMAM Lab.



How In-situ Manufacturing of ODS works?



Schematic of In-Situ Manufacturing of ODS FeCrAlY in SLM

You just need to use commercially available FeCrAlY powder in SLM printer

Make ODS FeCrAlY in presence of the residual oxygen inside the SLM chamber with no need for mechanical alloying of oxide powder (Y2O3) and metal powder (FeCrAl)



Project Details:

- Objective: Manufacturing of oxide dispersion strengthen (ODS) FeCrAIY alloy with only one step via 3D-printing
- Material: FeCrAlY powder
- **3D-printingTechnology:** Selective Laser Melting (SLM) **Product:** ODS FeCrAIY alloy
- Result: formation of homogenously distributed nano-sized oxide precipitates, enhanced mechanical properties compared to conventional manufactured specimens
- Conclusion: ODS FeCrAIY was successfully manufactured via SLM in only one step



For more details on technical results and discussion see provided poster Thank you!